U.S. CONST. AMEND. XVIII 1919 (REPEALED 1933)

PROHIBITION

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION, 1919.

FRANK L. POLK,

January 28, 1919.

ACTING SECRETARY OF STATE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME, GREETING:

KNOW YE, That the Congress of the United States at the second ment to the Constitusession, sixty-fifth Congress begun at Washington on the third day of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen,

Preamble. passed a Resolution in the words and figures following: to wit-

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the

Constitution of the United States.

RESOLVED BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CONGRESS ASSEMBLED (TWO-THIRDS OF EACH HOUSE CONCURRING THEREIN), That the following amendment to the Constitution be, and hereby is, proposed to the States, to become valid as a part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of the several States as provided by the Constitution:

"ARTICLE -.

"Section 1. After one year from the ratification of this article cating liquors for bevthe manufacture, sale, or transportation of intoxicating liquors erage purposes. within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.
"Sec. 2. The Congress and the several States shall have concur-

rent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

nt power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Ratification within "Sec. 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been seven years required." ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of the several States, as provided in the Constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the States by the

Congress. And, further, that it appears from official documents on file in posed Amendment. this Department that the Amendment to the Constitution of the United States proposed as aforesaid has been ratified by the Legis-United States proposed as aforesaid has been ratified by the Legislatures of the States of Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, South Carolina, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming.

Enforcement.

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Declaration.

And, further, that the States whose Legislatures have so ratified

Certificate of adoption as part of the Constitution.
R. S., sec. 205, p. 33.

And, further, that the States whose Legislatures have so ratified the said proposed Amendment, constitute three fourths of the whole number of States in the United States.

Now therefore, be it known that I, Frank L. Polk, Acting Secretary of State of the United States, by virtue and in pursuance of Section 205 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, do hereby contify that the Amendment aforesaid has become valid to all intents. certify that the Amendment aforesaid has become valid to all intents

and purposes as a part of the Constitution of the United States.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Department of State to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington this 29th day of January in the

year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nine-[SEAL.] teen.

> FRANK L. POLK Acting Secretary of State.